K 88/recreation

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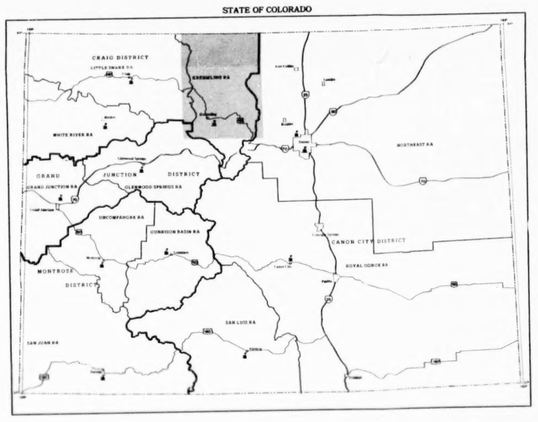
MAP SYMBOLS

Feature	Symbol	Feature	Symbol	Feature	Symbol	Feature	Symbol	Feature	Symbol
District Boundary		Road All Weather	Divided	Principal Access	Divided	Buildings		Towns and Cities	
National or State Boundary		Road Seasonal Use		Road Interchange		Buildings (Abandoned)		River or Large Stream	
		Road 4 WD, Primitive				BLM Office		Stream	
Continental Divide		Trail		Rest Area		School		Large Dam	
County Boundary		Railroad Double Track				Church		Reservoir or Retention Dam	
Land Grant		Railroad Single Track				Radio Installation		Lake or Pond	
Miscellaneous (Reservation, etc.)		Glacier		Levee or Dike		Fire Lookout (Primary)		Intermittent Lake or Pond	
Park (State, County or Local)		Road Bridge		Corral		Fire Lookout (Secondary)		Dry Lake or Pond	
Township and Range	Surveyed / Protracted	Railroad Bridge		Recreation Site		Fire Tool Cache		Marsh	
Section	Surveyed / Protracted	Foot Bridge		Tanks (Labeled as to type)		Shelter		Spring	
Section, Status, Subdivision		Ferry		Oil or Gas Wells		Cliff Dwelling		Improved Spring	
Section Identification	6	Road Ford		Mine or Quarry		Ruins Small / Large	Ruins / Ruins	Well	
State, plane Coordinates and Zone	1,500,000 E	Trail Ford		US Mineral Location or Monument		Cemetery	CEM	Artesian Well	
Boundary Monument		Road Tunnel		Located Object (Labeled)		Sawmill		Windmill	
Route Marker Interstate		Railroad Tunnel		Triangulation Station	△ Dos	Airfield		Aqueduct Tunnel	
Route Marker U.S.				Bluffs or Cliffs				Ditch or Canal	
Route Marker State		Prominent Peak		Prominent Ridge		Gaging Station		Aqueduct	

STATE OF COLORADO



KREMMLING RESOURCE MANAGEMENT PLAN
LAND USE PRIORITIES
MAP LEGEND

Each color on the alternative map identifies a priority use area where one land use will have priority over others for management, development and use. It does not mean single use. The principles of multiple use and sustained yield are maintained in each priority area. Many different uses would be allowed in each area but one use would have priority. Other land uses would have limits placed on them to prevent conflict with the priority use. Sometimes a use may be totally incompatible with the priority use. Such a use would not be allowed.

As an example, blue identifies wildlife habitat as the priority land use for certain areas. Some land uses are totally compatible with wildlife habitat such as wilderness, scenic areas and some forms of recreation. These land uses can occur concurrently with wildlife habitat without conflict and with no limits placed on them.

Some land uses like livestock grazing, forest product production or oil and gas development are partially compatible with wildlife habitat. In order for these uses to occur concurrently, certain limits or restrictions would be required such as excluding or modifying some types of management practices on all or portions of the area, reducing the size of projects or excluding uses during cerain times of the year. (Refer to alternative narratives in the RMP/EIS document for specific restrictions.)

Other land uses such as surface development for coal or community expansion are incompatible with wildlife habitat and therefore would be excluded from occurring concurrently. (Refer to alternative narratives in RMP/EIS document for specific exclusions.)

- **COAL** — Federal lands leased for coal or suitable for future consideration for coal leasing. New coal leases will occur only on these lands.
- **OIL & GAS** — Federal lands committed to oil and gas development.
- **MINERALS** — Federal lands where minerals are known or believed to exist in exploitable quantities.
- **LIVESTOCK** — Public lands committed to production of livestock forage and the grazing of livestock.
- **FOREST PRODUCTS** — Public lands suitable for the growth and harvesting of commercial forest products.
- **PROTECTED AREA** — Federal lands containing values protected under the law. They include threatened and endangered plants and wildlife habitat, National Register Cultural Sites and lands identified as unsuitable for coal leasing for surface mining.
- **WILDLIFE** — Public lands committed to important wildlife habitat.
- **SOILS** — Public lands where soil erosion problems exist. Reducing soil loss is the priority for these lands.
- **WATER** — Manageable segments of surface water on public lands. Water quality will be maintained and protected.
- **RECREATION** — Public lands committed to Special Recreation Management Areas or Developed Recreational Sites.
- **WILDERNESS** — Public lands recommended as suitable for wilderness designation.
- **CULTURAL RESOURCES** — Public lands where significant cultural resources exist.
- **SCENIC AREAS** — Visually sensitive areas of public lands.
- **COMMUNITY EXPANSION** — Public lands suitable for expansion of communities.
- **NO PRIORITY** — Areas where no priority uses were identified. Present uses are expected to continue at or near present levels. These areas include both public lands and private lands with Federal mineral interests.
- **NO JURISDICTION** — Lands for which the Bureau has no management jurisdiction and are not covered by this plan.

OFF-ROAD VEHICLE (ORV) DESIGNATION

- **LIMITED AREAS** — Use of off road vehicle is subject to restrictions deemed appropriate by the Area Manager. Restrictions may limit dates and times of use, limit use to designated roads and trails, limit the types of vehicles allowed and similar matters.
- **CLOSED AREAS** — Use of vehicles prohibited.

All other public lands are open. Off-road vehicles may be operated subject to the operating regulations and vehicle standards set forth in 43 CFR 8341 and 8343.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
Bureau of Land Management

1982

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT PLAN MAP

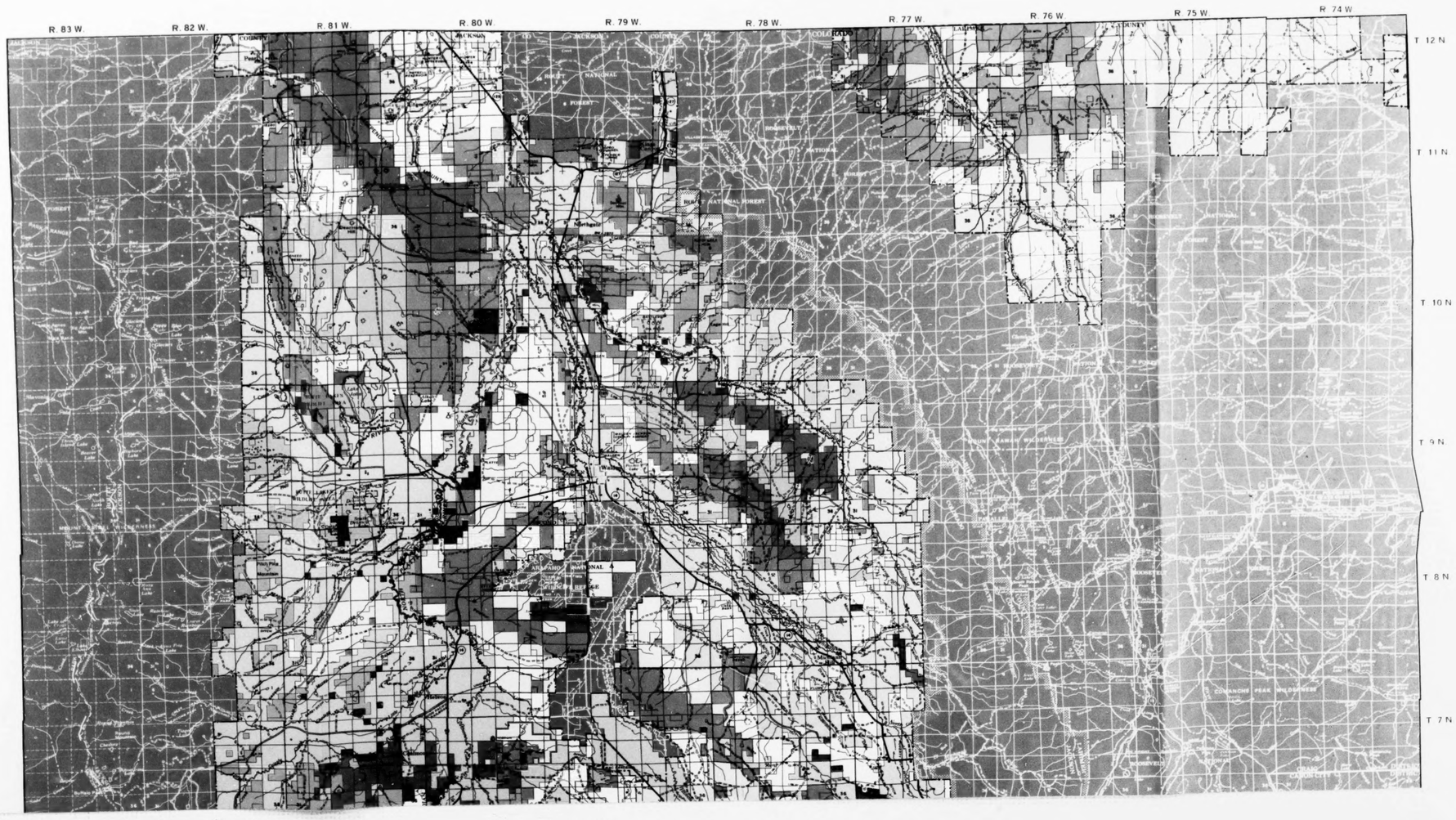
Recreation Alternative

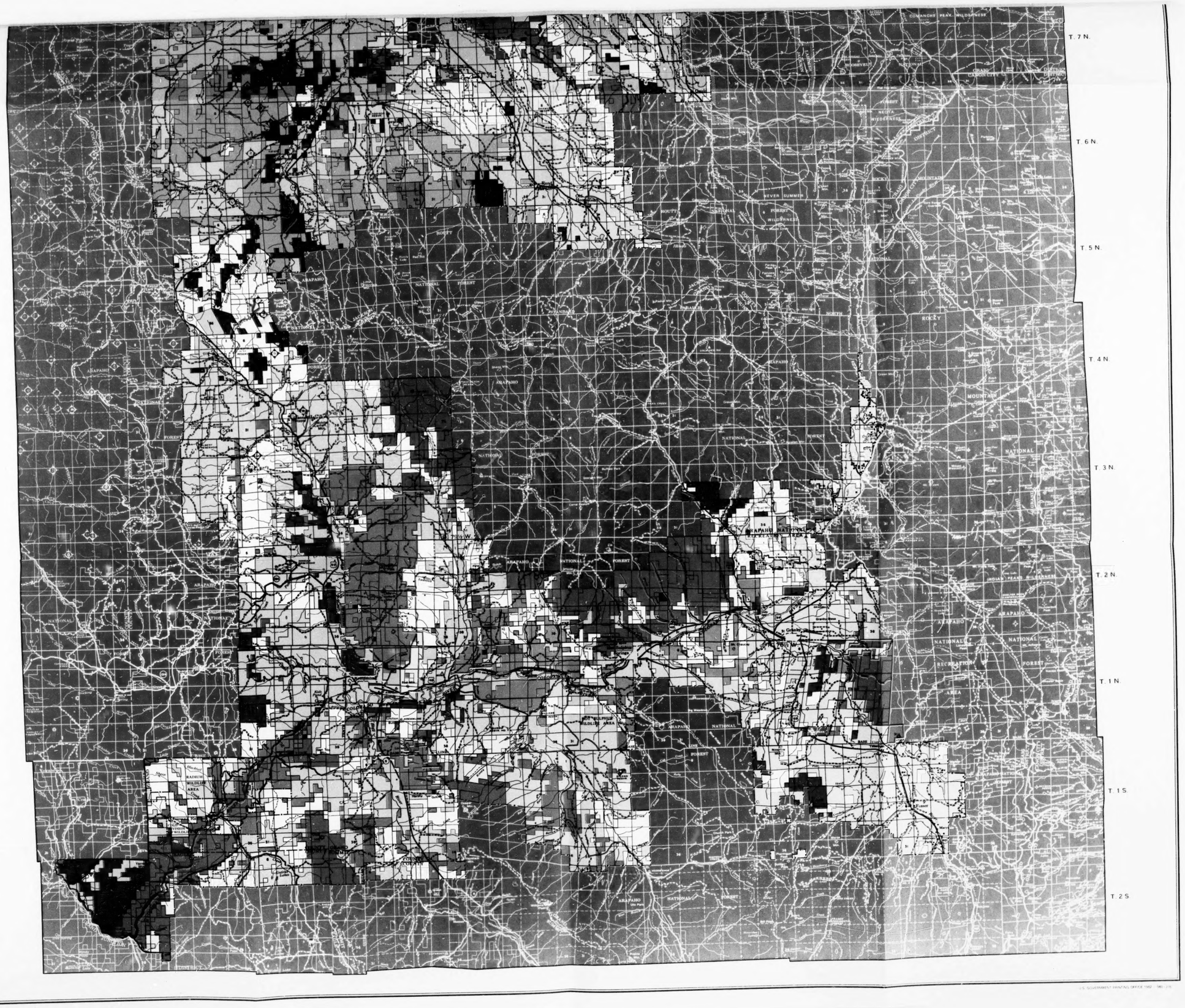
Kremmling Resource Area

CRAIG DISTRICT
COLORADO

N

0 2 4 6 8 10
Scale in miles

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T. 6 N.
T. 5 N.
T. 4 N.
T. 3 N.
T. 2 N.
T. 1 N.
T. 1 S.
T. 2 S.
COMANCHE PEAK WILDERNESS
ROOSEVELT NATIONAL FOREST
NEVER SUMMER WILDERNESS
ARAPAHO NATIONAL FOREST
RADIUM WILDLIFE AREA
KREMMLING RECREATION AREA
INDIAN PEAKS WILDERNESS